





# Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

This paper is the oldest newspaper published in British Columbia. It is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is valued as an advertising medium for this colony. David Stevens, in Victoria, and L. P. Davis, in San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

This paper may be read gratis in London at the Central Establishment of "Holloway's PAIN EXCURSION," 214, Strand, where advertisements and subscriptions for the same are received.

## The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1867.

### AMERICAN TAXATION.

The cry of over-taxation has already been heard even in this infantile colony. The groans of a tired den people have rolled along the valley of the "mighty Fraser," nor stopped until broken upon the snow-capped peaks of the Rocky Mountains. To grumble is human—peculiarly Anglo-Saxon. We should be sorry to assert that grumbling in British Columbia has been either groundless or unreasonable. It would, indeed, become us to say so, for has not the BRITISH COLUMBIAN been the largest grumbler—roared the loudest for retrenchment? There can be no doubt that a youthful colony has been struggling on, but not onward, under a load heavier than it could bear. A Civil List, evidently conceived upon a scale of magnificence which presupposed unbounded prosperity, and which would, under more favorable conditions, have probably passed unchallenged, has been proved by adversity to be entirely beyond the capacity of the country. Bowing to the imperious demands of stern necessity, a wise Government has reduced the expense of the administration of the affairs of these British Pacific Possessions by nearly one-half. And although we cannot conscientiously go the length of certain "levelers," we are bound to say "still there is room" for further reduction. There are still departments which might be amalgamated and employees who might be spared. In these stern times, when every man has to blacken his own boots, so to speak, the country can afford no drones—no kite-served ornaments in the public service. There must be no more officers than can be kept well employed; and there must be none above their work. Douglas is no longer entitled to rank as a distinction station. The few dollars a month collected there would form but a small item in the expense of its collection. Let a toll-gate which has long since ceased to pay the expense of maintenance be abolished, and let a small and scattered population which has long ceased to receive any value for the road-tolls be free. Lillooet can no longer claim the right to a resident Stipendiary Magistrate, to discharge duties which might well be entrusted to an Honorary Justice of the peace, or left to the adjudication of a visiting County Court Judge. Yale is an important town; but we are at the present moment witnessing a practical illustration of how even its affairs may be satisfactorily administered without the expense of a resident salaried Magistrate. Nanaimo has long declared that the presence of a paid Magistrate is unnecessary, and we are disposed to accept its declaration. These are matters which will doubtless occupy the earnest attention of the Governor on another session of the Legislature opens, and we have only to express the hope that in any further measure of retrenchment His Excellency will be most careful in discriminating between the taxes and the wheat. But we started out with the intention of giving the reader a peep at taxation in the United States as the most effectual antidote for chronic discontent and annexation bunkum, not for the purpose of delivering a lecture on retrenchment, and to that object we will now briefly address ourselves. It has long been the habit of a certain class of our politicians to be everlastingly thrusting the neighbouring Republic under our nose, as something immeasurably superior to our own, both as respects cheapness, freedom and general enlightenment, and intelligent progression, until at last our people have been boldly urged to throw themselves into the extended arms, or, perhaps, it would be more correct to say, the expanded claws of the rapacious American eagle. We have for some time back seen a good

deal of Yankee bunkum in the public prints, treating the national debt in the lightest and most indifferent manner, and intimating that the present generation would see it wiped out, not with a sponge, mind you, but with hard cash. Notwithstanding these statements, and in the face of Mr. McCulloch's artful and highly coloured but most deceptive views of the country's finances, it would appear that a fatal and alarming increase, marks every passing month. An American correspondent of the London *Times*, writing from the quaker city of Philadelphia, states that in the single month of April there was an increase of the debt of five million dollars! An increase, mark you, and that at the rate of \$5,000,000 a month, or \$166,666 2/3 per diem! "The day," continues the same writer, "of the redemption of the United States' debt has passed away. A million soldiers, or their heirs, are entitled to extra bounties—the amount to be given to each averaging over \$200. The appropriation may quite easily reach \$300,000,000." But even this is not the worst view of the case. The chief American correspondent of the London *Standard* has in an additional ray of light, "The fact is," says he, "our debt is daily growing larger." The statements put forth with so much regularity by Mr. Secretary McCulloch throw no light upon the actual condition of our finances. It is shown by them that the Federal debt is about \$2,500,000,000. But the total debt of the people is not less than \$4,000,000,000; I believe that it is much nearer \$5,000,000,000 than \$4,000,000,000. But taking the last mentioned sum as the true estimate, or \$500,000,000—the fact will be sufficiently startling. (I say nothing of the debt of the South, which, without including the war debt of the Confederacy, is very great.) The people, aside from the Federal debt, owe \$1,500,000,000 at the lowest estimate. This sum represents the indebtedness of the States, counties and towns, which has increased with terrible rapidity during the past six years. The New York *Times* affords us a glimpse of another phase of American taxation. It says, "that the taxpayers of New York take courage. Their lot might be worse. Their burden this year, according to Controller Hillhouse, will be \$22 5/8 per head, exclusive, of course, of their proportion of Customs duties. The Bostonians, however, are fated to carry a much heavier load. The estimated expenditure of the City of Boston, for 1867, states the *Advertiser*, including the State tax, but exclusive of the United States' internal revenue tax, is \$7,955,000, or about \$40 per head. In other days John Bull was considered the most unfortunate of tax-paying bipeds. By comparison he should now be esteemed superlatively blest. His total taxation just now is but \$3 5/8, being \$13 1/8 less than that of the New Yorker, and \$30 41 below that of the hapless Bostonian." All this is sufficiently appalling; but yet only half, less than half is told! Add the North Tax, shake well and take a spoonful every half-hour and you have a certain remedy against annexation. We cannot do better than add the concluding paragraph of an article upon the subject of the financial condition of the United States, from an English exchange: "We see President Davis has made his exodus into Canada; and to the dominions of our monarchy we are assured millions of worn and wearied Southerners are in course of a pilgrimage to take up their rest. How long will those who have to sustain the enormous weight of Northern taxation submit to be crushed by the burden, when on the other side of an imaginary line not a day's journey off, either from the Western or New England States, there is to be found a people of the same tongue, climate, complexion and degree, whereto we see in all things nature tends; and a soil as cheap and fertile as their own, living under the freest and purest Government in the world, and taxed not so much as to the extent of the very interest of what they have annually to pay in 'the model Republic?' In Canada have recently been discovered endless oil springs, precious veins of gold, copper and other metals; and our Confederate 'dominion' in the fulness of time will be joined by the precious

possessions of British Columbia and Vancouver's Island. Hitherto the American Republics have been ridiculous failures. The only creditable Government on that continent has been the Empire of Brazil. It remains to be seen whether the Monroe doctrine was prophetic in its foresight. Stranger things have happened than that the Canadian Confederation of the British Monarchy should overshadow the wretched *fiasco* of that envious commonwealth which sees a daily beauty in our life that makes hers ugly."

A NEW TRADE.—Berries, some of them well adapted for preserving, are produced in very great abundance down here. This year the Indians have not been able to find a local market for one half their gathering, and have been induced to take a more commercial view, and look beyond for consumers. The most valuable run for salmon this year, passing up at a time when the water in the Fraser was four or five feet higher than usual, missed our nets, being at too great a depth, and were taken by the Indians above in great quantities. Thus our Indians have been afforded an opportunity of exchanging their surplus berries for what salmon their brother red-skins higher up had to spare. For some time back numbers of their "commercial travellers" might be seen going up by every steamer, with shipments of berries, and returning with large bundles of dried salmon.

THE CHAMPIONSHIP OF ENGLAND.—We learn from a late number of *Bell's* that Mace and Baldwin, after a wordy war, have come to an agreement by which Baldwin undertakes to fight Mace for £200 a side, and the belt, open for £500 a side, on Tuesday, October 15, 1867, within 100 miles of London, according to the new rules of the ring. In pursuance of this agreement £25 a side was lodged in the hands of the Editor of *Bell's*, who has been appointed final stakeholder.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTION.—We mentioned on Wednesday that in Wards 3 and 7 polls were demanded, and would be held that day. In Ward 3 Mr. Cunningham desired the nomination and Mr. Ladner was withdrawn, so that Messrs. Brough and Price are the councillors-elect. In Ward 7 Mr. Jenkins declined the nomination, so that Mr. Ferris went unopposed. The new councillors will meet and organize on Thursday next, the 14th inst.

COUNTY COURT.—Capt. McLean, of Pitt River, had an Indian up yesterday upon a charge of maliciously shooting a yearling calf. The case was adjourned till Tuesday next, in order that another witness might be had, and also that the bullet might be extracted from the calf and produced in court. Capt. McLean has lost several animals lately, and he appears to suspect foul play on the part of his Red-skin neighbors.

SUPREMELY RIDICULOUS.—Victor Hugo, the great novelist and dramatist, has been making a great ass of himself in connection with the affairs of Ireland, and the sentence of the Fobian, Burke. Amongst other stupid things he says "England will never behold that Mary Stuart"—meaning Burke, a mere boasting filibuster. Fie, Hugo. You evidently don't comprehend the situation.

NEW FRUIT.—Backward as the present season is we observe new apples, plums, &c., for sale at Mr. Ellard's store on Front street. The plums are from Richmond farm; and we understand Mr. McRoberts will send to market a large quantity of fruit this season.

THE CROPS.—The hay crop has been very generally secured in this district, and the winter wheat is now being harvested. It looks well, and promises to be an excellent yield. The Spring wheat will not be ripe for a couple or three weeks yet.

FROM YALE.—The str. Lillooet, Capt. Fleming, arrived from Yale on Thursday evening; but inasmuch as the Cariboo Express had not got in at the time the steamer left, she brings no later news from the interior.

## New Advertisements.

### AUCTION SALE.

#### OF TOWN LOTS FOR TAXES.

#### NEW WESTMINSTER.

B. C.

HAVING received instructions from G. Brew, Esq., J. P., to sell the undermentioned Lots for Taxes due upon the same. This is to give notice to all whom it may concern that unless the amount claimed, with costs, is paid to me at my office, on or before the second day of August next, I shall proceed to sell by Auction, on Saturday the 24th day of August, in the Court House at Twelve o'clock, noon, the following lots assessed by the names opposite, viz:—

Berry John,	13,	12, 5 00
Carewell, James,	D. 28,	Lot 8, \$ 3 75
	13,	10, 13 75
	\$17 50,	
De Roch or Ochner 2 1/2,	23,	2, 6 27 1/2
	24,	1, 9 62 1/2
	25,	3, 8 50
Franklin, Selim,	\$24 50,	
	12,	5, 6 25
	5,	55, 3 12 1/2
	\$9 37 1/2,	
Ferronlach, 3 years,	23,	9, 12 30
Foster, G. F., 2 years,	24,	8, 10 13
	25,	9, 14 98
	26,	6, 8 64
	27,	7, 6 42
	"	12, 7 77 1/2
	"	13, 6 91
	"	14, 13 10 1/2
	"	15, 7 77 1/2
	"	6, 7 53 1/2
	"	7, 6 91
	"	28, 2 53 1/2
	"	17, 7 53 1/2
	"	26, 6 66
	"	27, 6 66
	\$118 57,	
Hazlewood George,	36,	16, 3 12 1/2
	39,	17, 2 87 1/2
	\$60 00,	
Joseph of Chien 3 1/2,	23,	26, 11 37 1/2
Lindley, B. 3 years,	23,	12, 11 37 1/2
Moody, R. C.,	7,	16, 12 50
	5,	51, 3 75
	"	32, 3 75
	"	58, 3 12 1/2
	"	58, 3 12 1/2
	\$26 25,	
Pearce, W. G., 3 yrs,	37,	7, 7 25
Stonach, W. E.,	23,	7, 3 12 1/2
	28,	4, 21, 3 75
	\$9 87 1/2,	
Siddall, Dr.,	13,	8, 8 25
	27,	13, 6 25
	21, 1/2 of 14,	2 50
Wollenen R., 1866,	\$17 00,	
	27,	3, 3 18
	5,	7, 6 55
	\$14 80,	
Witch 1 year 2 yrs,	5,	60, 7 12 1/2

W. H. CLARKSON, Collector.

The above Sale is postponed to Saturday, 10th August.

### JUST RECEIVED!

#### NEW STOCK

#### LYON'S CALIFORNIA

#### ALE.

W. H. SUTTON, Agent for British Columbia.

#### BURRARD INLET

#### STAGE LINE.

The undersigned announces to the public that he has established a semi-weekly line of Stages between New Westminster and Burrard Inlet. The Stages will start from the

#### ORO RESTAURANT,

COLUMBIA STREET

EVERY

Tuesday & Friday,

12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

returning the same day.

FARE, \$1 EACH WAY.

W. R. LEWIS.

## New Advertisements.

### NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

#### GOODS

arriving from Victoria

#### IN BOND,

#### PER ENTERPRISE,

for up-country, will be

Forwarded without delay,

As the up-river steamer, in such cases, will be detained until the goods can pass the Custom House.

ly17 Im WM. IRVING.

### WANTED

#### 20,000 POUNDS

#### OF

#### Potatoes,

ERST PICT.

New Westminster July 9th 1867. te

#### STAGE NOTICE.

BARNARD'S Stages will not be interrupted in their regular Trips, by the inundation of a portion of the road. Arrangements having been made to avoid delay.

Leave Victoria FRIDAYS as usual.

ly6 F. J. BARNARD.

#### BANKRUPTCY NOTICE.

WHEREAS a Judgement Debtor Summons against Gustavus Blinn Wright, of Cariboo, British Columbia, bearing date the 23rd day of May, 1867, and issued under the Bankruptcy Ordinance 1865, hath been duly heard, and the hearing thereof having been declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to Matthew Bai He Begbie, Esq., Judge of the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of the Colony of British Columbia, on the 19th day of August next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and on the 27th day of the said month of August, at the same hour, at the Chambers of the said Judge, Richmond, Cariboo, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his Estate and effects, when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last, sitting the Bankrupt is to finish his examination. All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same, but to Charles Edward Pooley, the Official Assignee, appointed by the Court, and give notice to.

A. R. ROBERTSON, of Richmond, Cariboo, Counsel for the prosecuting Judgement Creditors. ly27td

### NOTICE.

#### Barnard's Stages

MAKE

#### WEEKLY TRIPS ONLY

Passengers for Cariboo by Stage will

require to leave Victoria by FRIDAY'S STEAMER.

See large advertisement.

F. J. BARNARD.

ma29te

#### CHAMPAGNE.

#### NAPOLEON'S CABINET

#### BOUCHE.

WE HAVE APPOINTED

Messrs. Grelley & Fitterre

OF VICTORIA,

Our Sole Agents.

For Vancouver Island and British Columbia, of our above

named Wines.

BOUCHE, FILS & CO.

at Mareuil-sur-Ay, Champagne, France.

ly22

## New Advertisements.

### CUNNINGHAM, BROOK.

#### DRY GOODS,

For sale by

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

For sale by

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

For sale by

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

For sale by

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

### BOOTS AND SHOES,

a good assortment,

For sale by

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

Groceries,

Provisions,

Flour,

& Feed.

For sale by

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

For sale by

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

### HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

For sale by

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

For sale by

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

### STOVES AND TINWARE

For sale by

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

### PAINTS AND OILS

For sale by

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

### CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

For sale by

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

A Lot of FLOUR and FEED to

arrive in a few days from

Portland,

For

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

Tinware made up on the pre-

misses; all job work punctually

attended to,

At

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

We make a pure article of the

celebrated New Westminster "Dis-

fectant" Coffee, free from adulter-

ation, at 50 cents per lb.

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

N. B.—By importing our goods di-

rect from the best markets and doing

business upon the CASH principle,

we are enabled to supply our custom-

ers at greatly reduced prices.

CUNNINGHAM BROOK.

ly15te



## The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1867.

## THE INDIANS AND THEIR REVENGE.

Another of those unhappy instances of the destruction of settlers' cattle by Indians is occupying our County Court just now. It is the old story over again about unfenced, or, as in this instance, inadequately fenced potato patches, trespass of cattle, and the Indian remedy—wanton destruction of the offending animals. Capt. McLean, one of our oldest settlers, missed several calves last week. His son, a lad of apparently fifteen winters, was on his way to the prairie on which the cattle were grazing, on Wednesday. While passing through the wood skirting the prairie he heard a shot fired in the direction of the cattle. Suspecting something wrong, he nimbly climbed a tree in order to obtain a view, when he saw an Indian, musket in hand, amongst the cattle, and the smoke from the explosion still lingering by. Proceeding to the spot he found a calf, a yearling, lying disabled by a gun-shot wound in its shoulder. He describes the conduct of the Indian as suspicious—slinking guiltily away. Such is the gist of the evidence adduced yesterday. Pity 'twas not stronger or weaker. Being questioned as to the possible incentive to the act on the part of the Indian the boy informed the Court that about a mile from his father's house this Indian has a patch of potatoes, bounded on one side by the Fraser and surrounded on the other by an insufficient brush fence; that the Indian made complaint about the cattle having destroyed his crops, and that he had no doubt the cattle were destroyed in accordance with the Red man's code of retaliation. We are strongly inclined to the opinion that Mr. McLean's yearling calf, as well as the other missing calves has fallen a victim to that law, whether the right Indian has been charged with the offence or no. We regret that the evidence was not more conclusive one way or the other, and we trust that the adjourned examination on Tuesday next may tend to throw more light upon the matter. But, however the present case may terminate it adds another to the numerous cases illustrative of the urgent importance of two things, viz. ending this scattered potato-patch business, by locating the Indians upon proper reserves; and the enactment of a fence-law. The former of these has already been pretty thoroughly pressed upon the attention of the Government, both in Parliament and in these columns. The latter was virtually "barked" by a certain member who, by announcing his intention to introduce a fence law, prevented others from moving in the matter, and ended by moving a resolution near the close of the session, asking the Government to do it for him! This matter must receive attention, and that right early. As the case now stands there is no law whatever, unless, indeed, the English law, which requires animals, not crops, to be fenced in, applies here—a law which we apprehend is merely local and cannot be imported into new colonies, where it would be palpably inapplicable. It is the intention of the Court to give this pending case of Mr. McLean's a thorough sifting, doubtless with a view to meting out to Mr. Indian, should he be clearly proved guilty, such condign punishment as will have the effect of deterring him and his kind in future from enforcing such law as against the whites, whatever they may do amongst themselves.

**VANCOUVER ISLAND.**—The steamer Enterprise, Capt. Swanson, arrived from Victoria last evening, bringing 60 tons of freight and a number of passengers, amongst whom we observed the hon. R. Finlayson, and Messrs. Etheridge, G. B. Wright, Coxon, and others. There were a lot of sheep for local use, and nine milch cows with calves, for Mr. Joseph Burr's ranch at Burrard Inlet. The Enterprise will sail for Victoria at 10 o'clock this morning.

**THE GOVERNOR'S MOVEMENTS.**—His Excellency the Governor left Quenelmouth for Williams creek on Tuesday.

## LATER FROM CARIBOO.

The str. Onward, Capt. Irving, arrived from Yale yesterday shortly after noon. Amongst the passengers were Mr. Oppenheimer and Mr. Winkler, both of whom have come direct from Cariboo, having left Williams Creek on the 31st ultimo. The Express stage left at the same time, but did not travel as fast, being cumbered with the Bank treasure, (\$140,000, for the Bank of British North America, and about \$60,000, for the Bank of British Columbia,) and will not probably reach Yale before to-morrow, so that we are disappointed in getting our Cariboo exchanges and correspondence. The news is, however, unusually devoid of interest.

Wednesday the 31st ult. was a delightful day, all the more appreciated because it was the first fine weather enjoyed in the mountains for some considerable time. Some misunderstanding had caused delay in the work of repairing the damage done on the lower portion of the creek by the freshet some weeks ago; but, that having been adjusted, the work was being vigorously undertaken. The claims on the upper portion of the creek were yielding as well as ever, particularly Musquity Gulch, which promises to be very rich.

From the other creeks there is really nothing of importance. It is already known that the Canadian company, not content with the strip of disputed ground, have taken possession of and recorded the whole of the Grouse Creek Flume company's ground, and have named it "Sparrow-hawk," not after Her Majesty's ship-of-war, but out of compliment to Mr. Sparrow, the agent of the Flume company. They continue to work night and day on the rich lead. The men work two hour shifts, there being plenty to fill up the time, and as "many hands make light work" there is no flagging in the matter. How fast they are taking out the gold is a secret now carefully kept to themselves; but the general impression is that they are taking out large amounts, and that their object is to work out the rich ground before any effective measures can be taken to interfere with their operations. Should the Governor arrive before they get through they will doubtless decline, in the most polite but firm way, to comply with His Excellency's request. Should they have exhausted the rich lead they will probably comply on condition that the Governor will grant them amnesty for all past acts; and, should such be the case, and this condition complied with, these men will have gained the day in every respect.

From Canyon Creek the news had come that the Washburne Company crushed a ton of rock with the arastars, and washed up \$500 as the result.

His Excellency and suite were met at the 56 mile post, being nine miles above Clinton, on Sunday morning. They would probably reach Williams Creek on Thursday.

On Williams Creek business could not be called brisk, although steady and sound.

The mines as a whole, are yielding as large an aggregate as they ever did, and the gold is much more widely distributed than was the case in former times.

The markets are steadily and well supplied and business has become more settled and systematized, and is done with a most reasonable margin for profits.

On the line of travel the whole way between the head of navigation on the Lower Fraser and the head of agriculture at Quenelmouth, crops are looking well, and the roads are getting good.

**KOOTENAY.**—The news from Kootenay is meagre and unimportant. We hear on good authority, however, that our Southern gold field will ere long attract more attention, as parties who discovered good diggings have been keeping their discoveries quiet awaiting the arrival of Commissioner O'Reilly on the creek in order to have them recorded.

**REMOVAL.**—Mr. H. V. Edmonds has removed his office to the premises in the stone building recently occupied by the Bank of British Columbia.

**ISLAND ITEMS IN BRIEF FROM THE "NEWS."**—The man Lanfester, who attempted self-destruction is improving, and hopes are entertained of his recovery. The news from Leech River is somewhat encouraging. The new ditch and flume were, opened on Wednesday. Nine men are at work at the North Fork, making \$28 to \$40 a week to the hand. Two men are reported drowned off Point Lazo, near Comox, on Sunday last, by the upsetting of a canoe. A third man saved himself by clinging to the canoe. Names not transpired. Goldstream bridge was destroyed by fire, on Wednesday. The U. S. brig "Fauntleroy" is lying in Cadboro Bay, preparing to survey the Straits. The Comox coal seam has been finally abandoned by the California Company. Mr. Maxwell, a typo, has started a newspaper at Seattle, W. T., called the *Seattle Intelligence*.—H. M. S. Malacca has been ordered south, and will sail on Monday.

**NANAIMO.**—Williams was brought up before Mr. Spalding for assaulting Bolton, and fined \$25, with \$10 compensation and \$3 costs of Court.

Messrs. Hunt & Dick have obtained the contract for putting down a new bore on Chase River Plains. Work will be commenced at once. It is thought coal will be struck at a depth of thirty fathoms or thereabouts.

**FAT CATTLE.**—Mr. Gunn, of Keatsy, brought down six very fine beef cattle on Thursday, for Messrs. Anderson & Co. They were raised by Mr. Gunn on his ranch.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

## EUROPE.

**NEW YORK, August 5.**—A Council of War is now being held in Russia between the staffs of the Russian armies under the Presidency of the Czar himself. Plans of a campaign, suggested by the probable coalition between France and other States, are under consideration. It is further asserted that Prussia is about to begin a movement immediately before France can get into an attitude. Russia inclines to a postponement, which, however, does not render the strife less inevitable.

The *Cork Examiner*, of July, says there is every indication of war between France and Prussia.

One hundred and ten Californians are stopping at the Grand Hotel in Paris.

## EASTERN STATES.

**ALBANY, July 26.**—Seward and Sir Frederick Bruce arrived yesterday.

**NIAGARA, July 27.**—The remaining portion of Table Rock was blown off to-day with two hundred pounds of powder.

**RICHMOND, July 29.**—Gov. Pierpont was assaulted at the executive mansion this morning by Mrs. Driscoll, because he had pardoned the man who had killed her son. The Governor was not injured.

**NEW YORK, August 5.**—Pierpont spoke the entire day in the Senate and concludes to-morrow. The case will go to the jury.

**SALT LAKE, August 8.**—The Indians are encamped in force within two miles of Plum Creek, on the Union Pacific Railroad. It is hoped that a party will get through from Fort McPherson to-morrow.

**JULIENBURG, August 8.**—We have the following particulars of the capture of a train of cars lately reported. The Indians captured a party of five men with a hand car on their way to repair the telegraph line. Two of the party were killed and one wounded the others escaped. They then managed to throw a freight train, coming west, off the track, when they then pointed on the men, they killed them all except the conductor, and burned the entire train, with contents. No trains have passed the break. A passenger train, due here yesterday, is expected to arrive this evening. No train left here either yesterday or to-day.

## MEXICO.

**GALVESTON, August 5.**—The str. from Brazos brings intelligence that Juarez has issued an address complaining the Mexicans for preserving their liberty and achieving the independence of the Republic. An elec-

tion for president is ordered to take place immediately. The country is divided into six military districts. Castillo is sentenced to be shot.

**NEW ORLEANS, August 5.**—An arrival from Vera Cruz brings reports that Admiral Palmer and staff have gone to Mexico to demand the person of Santa Anna and induce the Liberals to give up the body of Maximilian. The Presidential election in Mexico was progressing peaceably.

**NEW YORK, August 5.**—Great preparations were making at Havana to celebrate the laying of the Cuban cable.

## CALIFORNIA.

**SAN FRANCISCO, August 6.**—The steamship Active, from Victoria, arrived this morning.

Arrived, August 5.—Bark Gold Hunter, 8 days from Port Madison.

## CANADA.

**PETROLIA, C. W., August 5.**—A fire on Saturday night destroyed ten wells. The loss is \$80,000.

If you wish the very best CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS, you must call on BRADLEY & RULIFSON, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

**HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.**—Soundness renewed.—Any indolent ulcer or chronic sore should immediately have this excellent unguent applied to it in the manner pointed out in its accompanying directions. For thoroughly cleansing a diseased or broken skin, and for rousing its poisoned vessels or depressed nerves to healthy action, nothing can surpass Holloway's well-known Ointment. It strikingly shows its power when applied to the "old man's ulcer," which settles in the leg and often becomes most intractable under ordinary treatment, though no case has yet withstood this cooling and healing salve. The troublesome swellings preparatory to most ulcerations of the legs are likewise reduced by the diligent application of Holloway's unguent, by giving strength to the weakened circulation through the capillaries.

"THE LIFE OF THE FLESH IS IN THE BLOOD," was said by inspiration long before Harvey's discovery of the circulation had brought to light its purposes and uses. Now we know not only that "life is in the blood," but that disease inhabits it also. Many of the disorders that invade the human frame have their home in it, thrive and grow in it. The celebrated Dr. J. C. Ayer, of Lowell, has had regard to this important fact in making a Remedy to cure these disorders. His Extract of Sassaaparilla purges out the impurities of the blood and induces a healthy action in it that expels disease. This looks reasonable, and it is true, for we know by our own experience. Seldom as we take any medicine, we have nevertheless several times been under obligations to the skill of Dr. Ayer for the relief which his remedies never fail to afford us when we are obliged to have recourse to them.—*Catholic, Halifax, N. S.*

**GOOD ACCOMMODATION.**—Travellees to Cariboo this season will find most comfortable quarters at the Colonia. Hotel, Soda Creek, the enterprising proprietors Messrs. McLeese & Senay being prepared to afford to those who may favor them with a call increased accommodation at a much less cost than hitherto.

## New Advertisements.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

I HAVE received instructions from the Assignees of the Estate of Theophile De Noyon to sell by Auction

On Saturday, 11th May next, Six splendid Team Horses, with wagon, harness and everything complete. Two black Canadian ponies. One gray Horse, One one year old Colt, 1 1/2 doz. Wright's picks, 1 1/2 doz. Shovels, 102 Bales good Hay, &c. &c. &c.

Sale to take place at my office, Front street, Fort Yale, at 11 o'clock, a.m.

A. BARLOW, Auctioneer.

The above Sale is postponed until further notice.

**NOTICE.** ALL parties indebted to Dr. Black are hereby notified that unless their accounts are paid or arranged before the 1st day of June next, immediate proceedings will be taken.

HENRY V. EDMONDS.

## New Advertisements.

## JAMES ELLARD,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Flour, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Tobacco, Tinware, Farm Produce, Fruit, Nails, Axes, Rope, any Groceries, &c., &c., &c.

## BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER.

## COFFEE MANUFACTURER.

A very superior article of Congou Tea on hand, direct from China.

Call and see my Tobacco.

I am receiving regular supplies of Fresh Butter and Eggs from Farmers of the District.

Parties sending orders from up-river, accompanied by the CASH, will receive prompt attention and be supplied as cheaply as if they attended in person. Orders without the CASH cannot be attended to.

FRONT STREET, New Westminster. April 13th, 1867.

## Advance!

To the establishment of the Subscriber at Sapperton, where you will find good

## SKITTLE GROUND,

QUOITS, and other healthful amusements, with plenty of the best

## REFRESHMENTS.

The best H. B. Co's RUM and WHISKY only 75 cents per bottle!

## Good DRINKS and CIGARS

myself E. PEARSON, Proprietor

## COLONIAL HOTEL.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Grelley & Arnaud  
Hotel and Restaurant.

A SPLENDID

## BILLIARD SALOON,

In which will always be found the best

## DRINKS AND CIGARS

In connection with the above they have opened a Store stocked with the choicest Brands of

WINE, LIQUORS, PORTER, ALES, BRANDIES, RUM, CIDER, SYRUPS, CORDIALS, BITTERS, &c., which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, in case.

ALSO—THE BEST BRANDS OF

## CIGARS.

HAVANA, MANILLA and CHEROOTS.

New Westminster, June 12 1867 jels to

## ST. GEORGE HOTEL,

VICTORIA, V. I., B. C.,

PROPRIETOR,

## H. C. HOLDEN.

This spacious fire-proof Family Hotel has Single Rooms and Suites of Rooms for Families, furnished with every desirable requisite for comfort and accommodation.

The Bar and Dining-Room are conducted in first-class style.

TERMS MODERATE

New Westminster, Feb. 9, 1868.

69 to

## New Advertisements.

## FISHING TACKLE.

Of all kinds to be had at G. C. CLARKSON & CO'S.

## GOOD POCKET KNIVES &amp;

Scissors at G. C. CLARKSON & CO'S.

## ACORDEON'S,

Flutena's & Concertina's, Violins, Flutes & Fifes, with instruction books to be had at G. C. Clarkson & Co's.

## TOYS,

For the youngsters at G. C. CLARKSON & CO'S.

## GOLD PENS,

Mathematical Instruments, Thermometers, Color Boxes, Chess Boards & Men, Writing Desks & Portfolios at G. C. CLARKSON & CO'S.

## PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS,

Elegantly bound Gift Books and Church Services;

## Stationery

in all its variety at G. C. CLARKSON & Co's.

## A LARGE STOCK OF STANDARD

## BOOKS

AT LOWER PRICES THAN EVER.

## CALL AND SEE AT

## G. C. Clarkson &amp; Co's.

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## COLUMBIA HOTEL,

COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

PROPRIETOR,

## FRANK C. RICHARDS.

THIS large and central Hotel, having been thoroughly renovated and refurnished, is now open for the reception of Travellers and regular Boarders.

42 A few suits of rooms admirably adapted for the accommodation of Families.

## THE BAR

will be constantly supplied with the choicest

## LIQUORS, CIGARS, &amp;c.

No pains will be spared to give complete satisfaction to those who may patronize this House.

New Westminster, January 23d 1867. to

## P. L. ANDERSON &amp; CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

## BUTCHERS,

—AND—

## CATTLE DEALERS.

Families, Hotels & Shipping

SUPPLIED WITH MEAT AND VEGETABLES AT SHORT NOTICE.

New Westminster Market.

Fresh Lard and pure Pork Sausages, every morning.

Columbia street, next door to Armstrong's Store.

New Westminster, Feb. 9, 1868.

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